Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1810. 2762.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. d.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CATLETT,
75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.
October 16.

MILITARY LANDS.
FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,
A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to
John Longden.
May 13.

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,
Has lately received for sale the following articles:
Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the commercial relations of the United States with England.
Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.
Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames' works.
Mrs. Chapone's works.
Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to subscribers 2 dolls 50 cts. in boards.
Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols. octavo.
The works of President Edwards, 8 vols octavo.
The works of Dr Rush, 4 vols. octavo.
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Brooks' Gazetteer.
Hutchinson's Xenophon.
Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.
Murphy's Tacitus.
Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.
American Register, vol 5th.
Dr Ramsay's History of South Carolina, 2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.
☞ Subscriptions received by R. Gray for the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on the Epistles, and a new American Dispensatory, all now publishing by subscription in ton.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Fairfax Court House, on the fifth inst a negro girl, named NANCY; about 18 years old, rather tall than otherwise, tolerable likely, dark complexion, thin visage, full mouth, has no marks of the whip nor any other visible marks about her; took with her a new yarn frock, striped red and white; several frocks of calico, a new green muslin bonnet, and some other cloathing. I will give Ten Dollars reward for securing her in any gaol so that I get her again and all reasonable charges if brought home. She has some connexions in Alexandria and Leesburg, perhaps she may make to one of those towns. I forewarn all persons from assisting her off, concealing or hireing of her.

Coleman Lewis.
March 12.

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars of a superior quality in casks, weighing from 18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on generous terms, on application to
James Patton,
OR
Marsteller & Young.
March 18. d

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by
COTTOM & STEWART,
Price 1 Dollar,
GLENCARN;
OR
THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,
A NOVEL.

By George Watterston, Esq.
Of Washington City,
Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCARN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.
Feb. 6.

The distinguished running Horse
TOP-GALLANT,

SIXTEEN and a half hands high, will stand the ensuing season at Woodstock, Fauquier county, and be put to mares for *Twenty Dollars*, dischargeable before the first day of August with *sixteen*.
The pedigree and performances of this highly celebrated horse, will be published in hand bills.

James Bates *for*
B. M. Carter.
April 3. d2w

Lease of Sebastian Spring Tavern
FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold on the premises on Thursday the 5th of April next, at 10 o'clock, precisely, the unexpired lease of the above Tavern (including three summers) with 15 acres of Land, *with or without the improvements.* Further particulars at time of sale.
At same time will be sold a variety of Bar Room Furniture, consisting of gallon, half gallon, quart, pint and half pint Tumblers, common and Champaign wine-glasses, quart, pint and half pint decanters, common and China bowls of large and small sizes, waiters of every description, patent lamps, and a variety of other articles, suitable for tavern keeping. Also, a small stock of Liquors, 2 Stoves, one of them very handsome, a few Farming utensils, a Grindstone, a Horse and Cart and two fine Cows. Possession of the place will be given within 10 days from day of sale.
N. B. The improvements consist of a good Dwelling House, containing 3 rooms on the lower floor, besides a family closet and bar room; and two lodging rooms above; a good kitchen, stable, a large shed, a store house, a dairy, a bath house, fowl house, &c. &c.
March 29 d
☞ *The Sale of the above Property is postponed until Thursday the 12th inst.*
April 5.

Bryan Hampson, & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,
15 hhds. first quality New Orleans sugar.
30 bales Upland Georgia cotton.
5 hhds. Jamaica and Antigua rum.
15 do New England do.
15 hhds. first quality molasses.
10 tierces rice.
600 lbs. Bengal Indigo.
400 do. Flotant do.
15 bags heavy pepper.
15 do pimento.
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.
30 do. Bakers do.
20 qr casks Malaga wine.
300 reams writing and wrapping paper.
AND ON HAND,
London particular Madeira, Do. do. Teneriffe, Sherry, Sicily, Madeira & Port } WINES
All of the first quality in pipes and quarter casks.
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin } TEAS
20,000 lbs. green coffee in bags, and a general assortment of all kinds of groceries.
Selected flour for family use.
March 29.

For Freight or Charter,

The substantial fast sailing SHIP
William and John,
She carries upwards of 300 hogsheads of tobacco, or 2400 barrels of flour.
Apply to
James Patton,
Who has just imported in said ship from Madeira, and for sale,
A few hogsheads and quarter casks of *Murdoch and Co's.* best London Particular Wine—
AND HAS ON HAND,
A few casks of London Porter, (*Brown Stout*) and one hundred barrels of Prime Beef and Pork, New York inspection.
April 7. d6t

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from *William Wilson* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a sum of money to the Bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to sale upon the respective premises, on *Wednesday*, the 25th day of April next, several parcels of Ground lying upon Fairfax, Water, Queen streets and a 20 foot alley, in the town of Alexandria, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, the purchaser giving notes with approved indorsers for the payment of the purchase money negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria, and deeds of trust upon the property as a further security.

James Keith, *Trustee.*
March 31.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers enclosed in a letter dated February 27th, 1810, by mail, from Jefferson, Culpepper county, to Mr. *John Withers*, Alexandria, one hundred and thirty five dollars in bank notes as annexed below, which letter has not yet been received, consequently it appears that the money has been lost or mislain: therefore, it is requested that postmasters on the route will examine their offices and endeavor to correct the error or detect the offender.
One note, Virginia bank, no 2248, dated 18th March, 1806, for twenty dollars.
One ditto. ditto. no. 1976, dated 4th December 1805, for twenty dollars.
One ditto, ditto. no. 543, dated 11th February, 1805, for ten dollars.
One ditto, ditto, no. 27, dated 28th December, 1809, for ten dollars.
One ditto ditto, no. 1827, dated 3d December, 1805, for ten dollars.
One ditto, Potomac, no. 211, dated 6th April, 1809, for twenty dollars.
One ditto. ditto, no. 315, dated 10th February, 1807, for five dollars
One ditto, ditto, (supposed) no. 331, dated 2d December, 1804, for ten dollars.
One ditto, ditto, no 259, dated 25th November, 1805, for ten dollars.
One ditto, Columbia, no 184, dated 25th March, 1809, for ten dollars.
One ditto ditto, no. 168, dated 15th September, 1808, for ten dollars — 135 *do.*

Pendleton and Fishback.
Jefferson, March 27, 1810.
[April 3] d

Plaister Paris and Clover Seed.

Landing from the Schooner Hero, Captain Pierce,
A quantity of Plaister of Paris and Clover Seed.
ALSO,
15 hhds. molasses
30 bbls N. E rum
40 do. apples
2 pipes Lisbon wine
For sale by
John G. Ladd.
April 2.

Advertisement.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from John Potts and Elizabeth his wife to the subscriber, will be sold by public auction, on Saturday the 21st of April next, to the highest bidder, on the premises, sundry Lots or pieces of Ground, situate on Water, Union, and Cameron streets, in the town of Alexandria. A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months will be given to the purchasers, they giving their notes with approved endorsers, and negotiable in the bank of Alexandria for the several instalments and a lien on the property as a further security.

Ludwell Lee, *Trustee.*
March 29. d

LANDING,

From schooner Rising Sun, and for sale by Lawrason and Fowle,
Five bales Beerboon Gurrahs.
April 3.

FOR RENT,

A VERY convenient and comfortable DWELLING HOUSE on the lower end of Royal street, lately occupied by Mr. Edmonds. Possession may be had immediately.

John T. Brooks.
April 4.

PUBLIC SALE.

On WEDNESDAY next at 11 o'clock, will be sold on Vowell's wharf, the CARGO of the ship Thomas, capt. Harper, from
9500 bushels of Salt,
25 bales of Corks,
100 quintals Cork Wood.
In lots to suit purchasers Terms liberal to be made known at the place of
P. G. Marsteller.
April 10.

Public Sale.

On SATURDAY next, at three o'clock, on the premises, will be sold,
A handsome Lot, lying adjacent to the Hunting Creek Bridge, containing about two and a half acres, well watered, and it being on an eminence makes it a very desirable place for any gentleman wishing to build.

Frederick Tridell.
April 10. 3t

L. LANNAY,

Respectfully informs the merchants of Alexandria,
THAT he has opened STORE on Royal-street, in the house of Mr M'Knight, where he offers for sale, on a liberal credit, for approved paper, a large assortment of AMERICAN PRINTS.
As he intends remaining in town for this week only, all those who wish to purchase, will please apply immediately.
April 10. 3t

Just Received and for Sale by the Subscriber,

42 tierces New Rice,
14 bales prime Georgia Cotton,
16 do inferior quality do.
19 hhds. first quality retailing Molasses,
A few chests Hyson and Young Hyson Tea, and
190 barrels Suffolk Tar.

Newton Keene.
April 10.

LANDING,

From the schooner John, Captain Norris, from Norfolk, and for sale by
Lawrason and Fowle,
35 hogsheads of Molasses,
2 bales Beerboon Gurrahs.
March 28

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for sale,
8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old and of superior quality
15 quarter casks Malaga Wine
6 do. Colmenar do.
10 do. Sherry BB & DG Brands
20 cases old Claret and Vin de Grave
50 barrels Whiskey
8 hhds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qualities.
With a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Groceries as usual, on moderate terms.
March 28.

Union College Lottery

Tickets will advance on Monday next, to ten dollars.
Present price *Nine Dollars Fifty Cents.*
For sale by
Robert Gray.
April 3.

FOR RENT,

A neat two story brick dwelling house and lot on Duke street, between Fairfax and Water-streets.

John G. Ladd.
March 13.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 *Dollars per annum.*
Country Gazette, 3 *Dollars.*

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11.

From the Virginia Patriot.

What good have our democratic rulers, done the country, during the nine years which they have been in power?

This question is not addressed either to the implicit believers in executive infalibity or to these who have tasted the sweets of executive patronage and fattened upon the emoluments of office are interested in upholding a party, the subversion of which would be a diminution of their own personal importance and a death blow to their darling projects of ambition and aggrandisement. From such there is no hope of a candid consideration, or an unprejudiced reply. But it is from the *farmer*, the *merchant* and the *mechanic*: from that class of honest, but too often misguided American citizens, who constitute the real strength and nerves of our government, that an impartial answer is expected; and to them the question addresses itself with peculiar interest and energy.

Would they but examine it with that solicitude and attention which its importance demands, and answer it with a single view to its own intrinsic merits there could not be a momentary doubt of the result. But the misfortune is, that while a few want the leisure, by far the greater part want the inclination to prosecute such an investigation.

To examine the connection of political measures, to scrutinize the motives which produced, and to scan the consequences which follow them, is a task, which to some men is so irksome, that they are willing to leave the burthen of it to others and to rest contented with adopting opinions ready formed and dictated for their acceptance, sooner than encounter the trouble of forming an opinion for themselves. This position is not meant to be exclusively applied to those who are called democrats, doubtless it is partially true of the federalists also: for though we claim the honor of political infallibility in favor of federal principles, yet the *men* who embrace those principles may do, and doubtless too often have done it, from no other or more rational motives, than those of interest, education, prejudice or local convenience. But wherever or by whomsoever adopted, the practice is radically wrong, and in an elective and free government must be productive of the most serious and destructive errors. Suffer a tailor to choose the fashion of your coat, and a barber to determine whether you shall wear your hair powdered or plain—but so long as you are a free citizen and have a voice and interest in the destinies of your country, never permit any man or any set of men to dictate or to select for you your political opinions. The transactions of your government are, or at least *ought to be* public and open; the sources of information are numerous and easy of access, and whatever may be your station in life and however humble your calling, you have an equal right and in most cases are equally well qualified to judge, for yourself respecting men and measures with him who riots in the midst of his thousands. Do not then tamely relinquish to another that right of thinking and acting according to the dictates of your own understanding, which is so valuable and which ought to be so dear. *Blind imitation*, whether in thought or action is the part of a monkey—of a man, especially of a freeman, it is unworthy, and degrades him below his nature. Be careful therefore to take nothing upon *trust*—do not believe that this act of your government is wrong and that that act is right, because your *rich* neighbor A. or your *learned* neighbor B. tells you so; but examine the subject first in all its bearings, and then form *your own opinion*.

Taking the impartial view which I have thus recommended, of the question that I have proposed for your consideration, what is your answer? If you are a merchant, is commerce more flourishing; if you are a farmer, do your crops bring you a higher price; if you are a mechanic, do you find your customers more willing to employ or more ready to pay you now, than they were when the federalists had the management of your political affairs?

Fellow citizens, these are questions which the personal experience of each of you will enable him to determine. I beg that you will each of you give them a serious and candid consideration; and if you really find the country more flourishing, business more brisk, money more plenty, and our own affairs more prosperous now than they were during the last nine years of the federal administration, you may safely conclude that our democratic rulers are to be preferred: but if on the contrary you find dangers without and distress within; if you find the revenue diminished, the treasury exhausted, the farmer disheartened, and commerce destroyed, I trust you will have the candor to acknowledge that our present rulers are no longer fit to govern you or worthy of your confidence, and that you will give your voices and your votes towards supplying their places with those men, whom upon a former occasion you have found to manage your affairs more wisely.

From Spooner's Vermont Journal.
(REPUBLICAN.)

WHOEVER opposes popular prejudices does it at his peril. "In political, beyond all other subjects, where men are without some fundamental and scientific principles to resort to, they are liable to have their understandings played upon by cant phrases and unmeaning terms, of which every party in every country possesses the vocabulary. We appear astonished when we see the multitude led away by sounds; but we should remember that if sounds work miracles, it is always upon ignorance. The influence of names is in exact proportion to want of knowledge." If a writer dare advance a sentiment in favor of the policy of keeping on good terms with England, he is immediately denounced by the democratic party as a *tory*. He is sure to have British perfidy, the tyrant of the ocean, Copenhagen Jackson, and other arguments of like weight and importance urged against him. However trifling these may sound, they often effect more than the best reasoning. But happily for us, the prejudice and ignorance, which gave currency to this nonsense, is fast disappearing, and reason is again resuming her empire over the American public. The commonwealth of Massachusetts, always the first in discerning the true interests of the United States, as well as asserting it when discovered, has made a glorious stand against the Gallic policy which influences our general government.

Under the protection of such an example, it may now, I hope, be permitted to speculate freely not only on the destructive policy of French alliance, but on the folly of enmity with England.

Mr. Jefferson, or whoever was the author of the declaration of independence, never penned a more indisputable maxim, than that we ought, with England, as with every other nation, to be, "enemies in war, in peace friends." How well he regarded his own maxim is fresh in all our memories. It may be allowed perhaps to the illiterate demagogue to make the British nation his theme of constant abuse. He lives on the offals of popularity, but unfortunate is that nation whose rulers are supported by such disgusting aliment. The revolutionary war is not yet obliterated from our memories. While, however, we admit the justice of this excuse for ourselves, candor demands that we should extend it likewise to the British—Their resentments too were sharpened by the mortification of defeat. "I see my country humbled," said some British nobleman in parliament, while condemning the peace with America—"I see my country humbled at the feet of America." But why, it may be inquired, should any citizen of the United States be interested to inflame the passions of his countrymen against the English? How does he promote any personal views by it? He thereby creates a party. He infuses into it a soul, and when organized and animated, he directs it as he pleases. Every outrage committed by a brutal sailor belonging to the British navy, is magnified into a national wrong. With fuel like this he continually feeds the flame. That patriotism is not at the bottom of his outcry is evident from this, that not the wounds his country receives afflict him; but wounds inflicted by the British. The French, in face of a solemn treaty, shall violate the sacred laws of hospitality, and sequester millions of our property, they shall make prize of every American ship on the ocean, and like pirates, shall set them on fire, they shall thrust our sailors into their prisons, without a crime, and without a pretence of a crime, they shall put them in irons, and treat them like malefactors, but not one word shall escape from a democrat. Our embassador all this time shall be in France, a silent spectator of these outrages. Nay more, our president shall not name them to congress. And when a federalist, as happened but a few days ago, moves to request the president to lay before the house copies of the several communications made to the government of France, in pursuance of authority vested by congress in the executive, as mentioned in the president's message at the commencement of the present session, and adds to his motion this very respectful clause, 'except such parts as may in his jugment require secrecy:' the democratic majority, that passed Giles' warlike resolutions against England, lays the motion on the table, and the democratic speaker precludes debate upon its merits, thus smothering the question in embryo.

In the name of patriotism and independence why this partiality? If the hand of Napoleon was seen in the embargo much more evident is it in this impudent denial of justice. It would be plain from this alone, if we had no other proof, that war with Great Britain was the favorite measure of the cabinet, & for fear the indignities offered by France should rouse the national spirit, and make the administraion select Napoleon for their enemy, they endeavor to conceal his insults from our view.

Those who are destined to destruction are always marked by an evident infatuation. It is obvious to every body but to our executive and his retainers, that the tyrant of Europe would be the tyrant of America if he could. What prevents him? I answer, with the respectable and patriotic commonwealth of Massachusetts: the British nation. I repeat, with them, that this nation is the remaining barrier against the universal domination of France. Shall we then madly contribute what is in our power, to destroy this barrier and let the tyrant upon us?

Many of us, and some to their sorrow, remember the law suits which not many years ago were very frequent in this state, to dispossess honest landholders of their farms on account of subtleties and niceties in tenures and titles. Suppose a speculator to enter a town with his lawyers and sheriffs, and to sue one of your rich neighbours for his farm. Your possessions are contiguous and are held by the same kind of deed. If he loses his farm you will loose yours, and you will be undone.—— Should you think it wise on account of an old grudge to your neighbor to assist his adversary in his suit? It is true your neighbor is a haughty morose man, and sometimes kicks and cuffs your children when he meets them on the highway, but the speculator abuses them more. He throws them into jail on false pretences, and puts them into irons. He seizes the produce of your farms wherever he can find it, and when he cannot easily dispose of it, he makes a bonfire of it on the road for his sport. Your neighbor apologises for his insults. He sends one of his sons to you to reconcile all differences, and if you will not make common cause with him against the general enemy of the town, he desires you at least to act an honest neutral part, and not to join this legal freebooter against him.

If you were not mad you would at least *endeavor* to be reconciled: but if you were sensible of ill intentions, conscience might supply the place of an accuser, a compliment might be turned into reproach, and the ruin of your family might seem a less evil than the prosperity of a hated rival.

AN AMERICAN.

☞ Marine Coffee-House.

RANDOLPH MOTT,

RESPECTULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has opened a *House of Entertainment* in the town of Alexandria, on Prince street, next door to Mr. J. Hooe's, where he can accommodate a few *genteel Boarders* on very reasonable terms, and every attention paid to them, and all others that may please to favor him with their custom—He intends keeping the best of Liquors that can be procured (strong and malt). Relishes of various kinds may be had at all times at the shortest notice

April 7

☞ TUITION.

THE subscriber continues to teach the *French Language* at his residence corner of Prince and Royal streets. Ladies and gentlemen will be waited on at their places of abode at such hours as they may appoint Terms of tuition may be known by applying to him.

John Frignet.

N. B. The French translated into English the English into French.

April 6

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11.

"The whole head is sick!"—To hear democrats espousing the conduct of Mr. Madison, in refusing to recognise the minister of a magnanimous and brave people, because their subjugation is *meditated* by the grand adversary;—is *in character*, and therefore not at all to be wondered at: but to hear one true friend to the liberties of mankind, utter a syllable of extenuation, for so impolitic, so ungrateful an act, would indeed be truly astonishing. What a stain have our honor and good faith not received in the estimation of every enlightened civilian upon earth! What have we not lost in a pecuniary light, by this sinister, *obedient* measure? Eight millions of dollars; (only about five hundred dray loads, or so, of silver!) we have lost, too, an amicable recognition of the bounderies of all lands between the two countries which are any way equivocal: we have lost the esteem and confidence of a rich and powerful neighbor, whose friendship it should have been our special policy (and this was a glorious opportunity!) to cultivate. This refusal was so very bare of reason and justice, that every argument our *independent, fearless* president could rake together, in his own justification, was, *merely*, that there was a possibility of his losing his labor, as the usurper, Joseph, was in the "full tide of successful experiment," and the thing stood a chance of having to be done over again. What can be a more natural consequence, than, that when Joseph gets quiet possession of *old Spain*, he will insist upon allegiance from *his Indies?* And if our president has so much of the *Carter's mountain* cowardice in him, as to refuse *Don Onis*, and all his money, because *Josey* said of Spain, "that's mine;" he will of course refuse any other, (should one ever be sent) from *independent South America*; because *Josey* has already laid claim to that also.

These remarks being in the line of our duty, we publish them; but not with the hope of any service they may be; for what avails "line upon line, and precept upon precept," to those, on whose breast, Napoleon has always found the label "*lo! I am thy servant.*"

Don Onis came clothed with credentials, from the only legitimate power in Spain;—he was refused:—Now if a minister is received from the interloper Joseph; Spain is determined to consider it an *an act of hostility*:—then JEMMY, the death boding gunboats of your inventive predecessor, and frigates may have ample scope for their thunders, in the west; and his "surplus funds" may be appropriated otherwise than in "roads and canals"—but *then*, we should tremble to be in *your shoes*.

[*The Editor of the Alexandria Gazette will oblige an acquaintance of the subject of the following tribute, which is extracted from* 'The Port Folio' *of this month, by inserting it in his paper.*]

Alex. April 9, 1810.

MORTUARY.

It is with deep regret that a friend and fellow student of DR. RICHARD BROWN, has seen his death at Chillicothe, announced in the public papers.——This gentleman was the second son of the late respectable and distinguished DR. BROWN of Alexandria, but the merits of the son are the source of the pain now felt at his early fall. He was, indeed, extraordinarily endowed by nature and art. To the first, he was indebted for the fire and beauty of poetry, which he conspicuously possessed—for a solid understanding, and strong, correct judgement—for a just and generous heart—with all those manly and honourable dispositions which constitute the worth and excellence of character. To the latter he owed a finished education which rendered him the accomplished scholar—and perhaps he composed in the dead languages, with an ease and elegance not excelled. He was well versed in subjects of general literature, perfectly well read at his age, and possessing a discriminating mind

Thus stored, he failed not to prove a most valuable companion, and with the few he was accustomed to, and beyond the influence of an unfortunate diffidence and awkwardness, which he could not subdue, when in the presence of many, though not a stranger amongst them, it was remarked by his associates that he scarce ever uttered an observation not worthy to be remembered; or, in some way, marked with good sense, originallity, or wit.

In his profession, though but a youth, his attainments were uncommon--and when in Philadelphia, attending lectures at the University, he published a Thesis, as an exercise, and the applicability of physoignomy to the practice of physic. This treatise was approved by the best judges—and in style, is sensible, judicious and brilliant. To those who delight to contrast, compose, and select resemblances in the human character, it will not be uninteresting, if the writer does not grossly err, to add, that he possessed very many points in common with the celebrated Dr. Goldsmith. In his beauties and defects too, the likeness was always striking.

Very Interesting.—We are authorised to state, for the information of our commercial friends, that the Danish charge des affairs, has received from the minister of that country at Paris, the most satisfactory assurance of the friendly disposition of the king of Denmark towards this country, and of a determination to cultivate a friendly intercourse with it. That such explanations *had* been made to general Armstrong of the measures which may have created a different opinion, as would remove all apprehension on on that account.

(U. S. Gaz.)

From France.—A letter received this morning, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, by despatch vessel arrived at Norfolk, from a highly respectable American, who had an interview with Mr. Armstrong at Paris, on the 17th of Jun. it is stated that

"The French government had refused to make any kind of settlement with America at present. Orders have already been sent to Naples and Spain, to sequester and confiscate all American property in those kingdoms, or that may arrive there.—At Naples they have taken possession of the property and begun to sell it at auction—These orders it was expected would be put in force in France and Holland within a few days. The French government appear determined to take into their possession all American property within their grasp, and keep it till a farther determination.

"Ever since the intelligence of Mr. Jackson's dismissal in America, American affairs have put on a gloomy aspect in France. The French government appear to be playing into the hands of the British, with respect to America. They are both determined to keep us in the back ground as long as possible, by following up each others decrees prohibiting or curtailing our trade. France intends to obtain from G. Britain whatever of their manufactures they may be in absolute want of in exchange for the products of her soil. Licences have already been granted to import into France certain articles," &c.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Paris, to his brother in New York, dated January 16.

"At the date of my last letter to you by the Madison, our affairs with this country wore a very favorable aspect, and we were all in great expectation of a speedy adjustment of them; but within a few days some circumstances have occurred that put an end to all our hopes. The negociation appears now to be entirely broke off, nor is there the lest prospect of a renewal of it, or of any favorable change in the conduct of this government towards us, until they find us actually at war with England. I therefore adhere to the opinion I have expressed on this subject in the letters I have written to you and my other friends since I came to this country.

"The circumstances above alluded to, which manifest a determination on the part of this government to adhere to the unfriendly system they have for several years pursued towards us, are the seizure and confiscation of all American property at St. Sebastians and all that should arrive there: and also a similar measure at Naples, where, at the date of the letter from our consul there to general Armstrong, on this subject, the government had actually commenced the sale of it. I avoid any comments on this line of conduct towards us, at this particular juncture, when we are on the eve of a war with England, because I do not at present breathe the atmosphere of the U. States, though I feel all the sentiments which it inspires.

"The U. S. frigate John Adams arrived a few days ago, and I understand from captain Fenwick who brought the dispatches which came by her for gen. Armstrong, that all the letters were put into the post-office at St. Maloes, in which case they will no doubt all be opened and examined before they are delivered, and should any of them contain reflections against this government, such will not be delivered at all. I therefore hope my friends have had the prudence in their letters to me, to be silent on that subject.

"Before captain Fenwick returns in the John Adams I hope to receive my letters by that conveyance, and to have it in my power to answer them. He expects to leave this city in about a week for Amsterdam, where he is to meet the frigate.

"On the subject of political news from this country, unconnected immediately with our own, I must speak with great caution, as some inconvenience has already occurred to an American citizen now here, for expressing his sentiments too freely on that subject. It is now reported that the emperor will leave Paris in a fortnight for Spain, and that he will not be married until his return."

Extract of another letter, dated Paris Jan. 15th, 1810. "I received your letter by the John Adams, dated 8th ult. I am sorry to find so many shipments from the U. States to Spain, Italy, and the North, and not a government vessel in Europe to warn them from the danger. In Spain an order has lately been given (or rather sent from here) to *seize and confiscate as good prize*, all American vessels and their cargoes, and they are to be sold immediately. At Naples a similar order has been given, and the Hercules of Salem, and cargo was advertised for sale three days after, being the first notice of such an intention."

From the Genius of Liberty.

Great and noble actions ought to be known and recorded.

The following is an extract of a letter from a gentlemen near Princeton, N. J. to his friend in Long Hill, dated Feb. 28th, 1810.

"An interesting incident occurred near Princeton some weeks ago. The cold Saturday a number of students were skating on Scudder's mill pond; one of them named Hone, about sixteen years old, fell into the water where it was from 10 to 12 feet deep. In struggling to get out he broke the ice for some distance round, but did not succeed, and become at last so exhausted and overcome that he could not see. The students in the mean time ran backwards and forwards clamoring, but no one ventured to the aid of his perishing friend.—An apprentice boy however, about fourteen years old, approached so near Hone that he put one end of a stick, with which he had been playing ball on the ice, into his hand. With the aid of this stick he drew Hone upon the ice, and though sensible of his own danger, and shedding tears, he persisted till he drew Hone so far forward that the end of his skate caught on the edge of the ice. Hone then asked the boy to let him draw back and extricate his skate; he did so, and both at last reached a place of safety. Hone when sufficiently recovered, put his hand into his pocket, and offered the boy two dollars which he had with him. The generous boy would not take it, saying he would have done the same for any person in the same situation. He offered him afterwards twenty dollars: the boy said he did not want his money. Hone's father came on and offered to buy the boy's time, but the sensible little fellow said he wished to learn his trade. Finally Mr. Hone, the father, invested for the boy five hundred dollars, and the students made him up about two hundred dollars more. It is said the boy's father was a man of property in New York; but he became insolvent, died, and left his children so destitute, that this son was bound to Mr. Horner to learn the tanner's business.

At Sandy Hill, (S. C.) on the 18th ult. terminated the existence of Gen. *William Washington*, and added the name of that gallant veteran to the melancholy list of deceased American worthies. His health had been bad for some years, but during the last six months he sustained a complication of disorders, become too powerful for longer resistance—his moral and religious impressions, the one emanating from a well turned mind, the other the result of reading and reflection, disposed him to view the approaches of death with a composure and equanimity truly characteristic. History has done justice to illustrious services and brilliant exploits during his military career, in faithfully recounting his particular atchievements; but without the knowledge of certain personal circumstances, conspicuously displayed on those occasions, and which only could be known to his fellow soldiers in the field under whose notice they immediately fell; for the general naturally modest and retiring in his common intercourse with society, manifested little or no indication of that prowess by which he was so eminently distinguished in the day of battle, when his whole soul was developed with an energy and animation of the most ardent cast, and that gave to his transcendant intrepidity its genuine heroic character. In the performance of such civil duties as were assigned him, he was conscientiously exact, ready to obey with alacrity every call of his country as long as a constitution impaired and broken in her service permitted. In private life and the circle of his particular friends, his urbanity and domestic virtues, the recollection of them can only cease with those on whom they have made the most heartfelt impression.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, *April* 10.

[*Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.*]

[The *Post Road* bill was reported to the house last evening as amended.]

Mr. *Newton* from the committee of commerce and manufactures reported a bill relative to sundry collection districts. Read twice and made the order of the day for Friday next.

On motion of Mr. *Nelson* the house passed a resolution appointing a committee to enquire into the expediency of altering an act entitled an act for the organization of the militia in the District of Columbia.

A bill from the senate fixing the compensations to foreign ministers, consuls, &c. and for other purposes, was read and referred to a committee of the whole.

On motion of *Mr. Root*, the house came to the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill to appoint the day for the next meeting of congress.

The bill concerning *invalid pensioners* was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. *Rhea*, the house took up the report of the committee of the whole on the post road bill.

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

CLEARED,

Sloop Lydia, Potter, Providence, by the master.

The ship Thomas, Harper, from Cadiz, with salt, to J. and T. Vowell, is at the fort.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Samuel Dunlap, an insolvent debtor, are requested to make payment to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them forward for examination.

CHS. I. CATLETT, Trustee.

March 31. 3aw

Just Published and for Sale

At the Book-Stores of Robert Gray, James Kennedy, sen. and Cottom & Stewart, and at the office of the Alexandria Daily Gazette,

—(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS)—

AN

ORATION

ON

THE BIRTH OF WASHINGTON:

DELIVERED BEFORE THE WASHINGTON SOCIETY OF ALEXANDRIA,

BY

ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, ESQ.

ONE OF ITS MEMBERS,

ON THE

22d FEBRUARY, 1810,

AND PUBLISHED BY ITS ORDER.

ALEXANDRIA CIRCUS,

Corner of Cameron and St. Asaph Streets.

THIS AFTERNOON, *April* 11,

WILL BE GIVEN A

GRAND REPRESENTATION,

Composed of a variety of Feats of Horsemanship, Vaulting, Dancing, &c. executed by the whole Company, to commence with

The Grand Military Manœuvre.

Which will be varied (for the first time) by

The Comic Scene of the Brother Millers,

Executed by all the Company.

The famous horse MONARCH, will execute the scene of

THE DOMESTIC HORSE.

The performance will be varied (for the first time) by

The Comic Scene of the Fishwoman,

By Mr. Cayetano and Master Diego.

The famous Horse Noble,

Well known in Europe as a great Leaper, will execute (for the first time)

The great Leap thro' a Barrel,

Placed on the back of another horse.

MR. BRESCHARD, in the character of Clown, will perform, for the first time, the pleasing exercise of Still Vaulting, and during the performance will astonish the audience with feats of Tumbling and Buffoonery.

MR. CAYETANO will give several surprising feats of Activity and Agility—The tricks of the Whip, Hat, Glove, and terminate, for the first time, with

The great Leap of the Boards,

His Horse in full speed.

The Coronation,

With the scene of the six horses of knowledge by all the company.

The whole to conclude with the

Combustible horse covered with Flames.

To bring the horse to his present docility was a labor of two years with unremitting industry.

The doors to be opened at half past 3 o'clock, and the performance commence at half past 4 o'clock.

First Places, One Dollar—Pit, 50 Cents, Children under eight years old, half price.

☞ Messrs. *Pepin & Breschard* respectfully inform the public, that during the short time they intend to remain in Alexandria, they will perform every fair day, which will be announced by the sound of Trumpet.

April 11.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY, the first of May, at twelve o' clock, by virtue of a deed of trust from *William Hartshorne* to the subscribers, they will proceed to sell, for ready money, on the wharf known by the name of Kirk's wharf,

A Lease of said Wharf with the Buildings thereon, for the term of three years and four months from the first of May, 1810, subject to an annual rent of five hundred dollars, payable quarter yearly, the purchaser to have the privilege of removing the several buildings at the expiration of the lease on the first of September, 1813.

At the same time and place will be sold,

A Lease of the frame Warehouse, on Hooe's wharf, for the term of one year and five and a half months, and subject to an annual rent of one hundred and fifty dollars, with the privilege of removing the buildings at the expiration of the lease, and also the privilege of the wharf and dock—

AND FURTHER,

The fee-simple Estate in a square of ground situate on Duke street, and bounded by Fayette, Payne and Wolfe lanes, subject to an annuity of three hundred dollars, to Sarah Hartshorne & Rachael Hartshorne, during their natural lives and to the longest liver of them, payable yearly and every year, on the first day of October in each year. On this square is a frame dwelling now in the tenure of Charles L. Nevitt.

John Roberts,
Thomas Vowell.

April 11. 20tf

FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE in which I now reside, at the corner of Fairfax and Queen streets—The Ware-House part of the tenement I shall retain the use of.—To a good tenant will be let on a very moderate rent. Possession will be had in two or three weeks.

Cuthbert Powell.

April 4. 6w

ORIGINAL
FAMILY MEDICINES,

Prepared by RICHARD LEE & SON,

Have been in high estimation and general use throughout the United States, for upwards of ten years. And, it is no inconsiderable evidence of their utility, that during the above period, numerous imitations of every article, the productions of ignorance and experience, urged by envy and penury, have been intruded on the public, seen for a day, and then perished! Others now succeed them, which in like manner are fast descending to the tomb of the Capulets; while our remedies become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of deserved celebrity.

Lee's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

This medicine is superior to any ver offered to the public, being innocent and mild certain and efficacious in its operations.—Should no worms exist in the body, it will without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

Lee's Elixer.

A certain remedy for colds, coughs, asthmas, and particularly the whooping cough, so destructive to children.

Lee's Essence of Mustard,

So well known for the cure of rheumatisms, gout, palsy, sprains, &c. &c.

Lee's Grand Restorative,

Proved by long experience to be unequalled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, inward weakness, &c.

Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application.

Infallible Ague & Fever Drops,

For the cure of agues, remittent, and intermittent fevers.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion,

Celebrated for the cure of ring worms, teters, &c.

Lee's Genuine Eye Water.

An effectual remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

Tooth-ache Drops.

Which give immediate relief.

Lee's Damask Lip Salve.

Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

The Anodyne Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

The Indian Vegetable Specific,

For the cure of venereal complaints

Those medicines having come into general use, they are frequently purchased not only by Druggists, but by country store keepers to sell again; in order that the purchasers may be confident they have the original *genuine* medicines; wherever they purchase they have but to observe, that every article of medicine has on the outward wrapper the signature of the proprietors.

Michael Lee & Co.
late Richard Lee and Son.

☞ Sold, by appointment, at Nicholas Hingston's, Fairfax street, and at Robert Gray's, bookseller, King street.

February 13. law6w

Coach-making, in all its various Branches.

E. P. TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the *Coach-making Business* in all its various branches, at the shop in Fairfax street, formerly occupied by *Rhea* and *Taylor*, where all orders in his line of business will be strictly attended.

From an establishment of three years in the above line of business he is able to say, as a proof of his workmanship, he has many vouchers.

Gentlemen who may please to favor him with their orders for Carriages of any kind or description, may depend on having their work executed with neatness and strength.

N. B. All kinds of Carriages and Harnesses made and repaired with neatness and dispatch.

FOR SALE,

A second hand Coachee with Harness.

March 31. 3m

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

Ordered, that the executor of George M'Mun, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste,

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of George M'Munn, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said de'cd are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Giv en under my hand this 21st day of Feb. 1810.

Mordecai Miller, *Ex'r.*

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Just received by JAMES KENNEDY, sen. Bookseller, King street,

The Life of Thomas Paine, by James Cheetham.

Walsh's Letters on the Genius and Disposition of the French government.

Tales of Fashionable Life, by Miss Edgeworth.

The Parent's Assisstant, or Tales for Children, by ditto.

Don Sebastion, or the house of Braganz an historical Romance, by Miss Porter.

William Tell, or Switzerland delivered, an historical tale, by the celebrated Florian.

The life of Petrarch, by Mrs. Dobson.

The Yankey in London.

The works of Mrs. Chapone.

Cowper's poems and task, a beautiful miniature edition, elegant.

Scotts Marmion, do. do.

Junius's Letters, do. do.

Mrs Bryan's conversations on chymistry.

Berthollet's researches into the laws of chymical affinity.

The London dissector, or system of dissection practised in the hospitals and lecture rooms of the metropolis.

March 22. eo

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 19th instant, a negro man, named TOY, aged about 22 years, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, slender in his form and has a good countenance. The above reward will be given for delivering the said runaway to the subscriber, or committing him to some jail. If taken out of this state an additional compensation will be made.

Bushrod Washington,
Mount Vernon, near Alexandria

March 28 eo1

Pinkerton's Collection of Voyages and Travels,

Forming a complete History of the Origin and Progress of Discovery by Sea and Land, from the most authentic Sources.

THE first number of this valuable Work is just come to hand and is ready for inspection at the store of the subscriber, in King-street, and with Mr. *Triplet*, at the coffee-house.

Fully aware of the impositions that have been practised upon the public by strangers soliciting subscriptions from distant places; the Editors invite their examination of a Work perhaps the most useful, entertaining as well as extensive in its kind that has ever been undertaken in any country. And they flatter themselves that the American will by no means shrink from a comparison with the London edition, tho' offered at six dollars per Vol. less.

This number may be considered as a fair specimen of the execution of the work, and will be left a short time for examination, before the 2d number is put to press. After this the subscription will be raised to $2 25 each number; and but a few more copies printed than are sufficient to supply the subscribers, that the early patrons of this valuable Work may have a decided advantage—subsequent applications may therefore come too late.

It is also the intention of the Editor to annex to the last number a complete list of names of the subscribers as the patrons and encouragers of useful knowledge, the arts and literature of the United States.

Subscriptions are received by the suscriber.

James Kennedy, sen.

December 5. aotf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Samuel Dunlap, an insolvent debtor, are requested to make payment to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them forward for examination.

CHS. I. CATLETT, Trustee.

March 21. 3aw

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
3000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.

Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES,

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
50 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

FOR SALE.

TO be sold at Cedar Grove in Fairfax county at the late residence of Daniel M'Carty, deceased, a number of likely NEGROES, consisting of men, women, girls and boys. Among them is an excellent coachman and hostler, a good shoemaker, and an elderly woman who is a good meat and pastry cook.

If the above mentioned negroes are not sold by private contract before, they will be offered at public sale the third Monday in Apsil, at the court house in Fairfax county.

Sarah M'Carty, Adm'rx.
of Daniel M'Carty, deceased

CedarGrove, March 9—15. 2awts

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Just received for sale by James Kennedy sen. Bookseller, King Street:

THE Works of Oliver Goldsmith, M. D. a new and elegant American edition, by Coale and Thomas, in five volumes, with a fine head of the Author

Travels through the Northern and Eastern States of the Union, in 1807 and 1808, containing a particular account of the constitutions, laws, state of society and manners, literature, soil and produce, population, &c. of each; by William Augustus Kendall.

Travels and Adventures in Canada and the Indian Territory, between the years 1760 and 1776, with a particular account of the Indians—by Alexander Henry, Esq.

Romance of the Pyrenees, a novel.

Rosa, or American Genius and Education, a novel.

ALSO,

Lempriere's Classical Dictionary, Mairs Introduction, and a general assortment of the Classic Authors.

March 29.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gadsby, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitted exertions in affording to all those who may confer on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have so generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

February 20 law

☞ Printing in all its branches, neatly executed at this office.

GRAND LOTTERY.

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dolls. each.
STATE OF NEW-YORK.

Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Benjamin Dewitt, George Merchant, AND *Isaac Denniston, Stephen Thorne.*

SCHEME.

3	Prizes of	$25,000	is $75,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
4	250 Tickets each,	1,000	4,000
2		2,000	4,000
5		1,000	5,000
28		500	14,000
30		200	6,000
50		100	5,000
100		50	5,000
200		20	4,000
10,300		10	103,000
10,924	Prizes,		243,000
24,076	Blanks,		
35,000	Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000

Less than 2 1-6 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to $1,000.
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.
1st do. 20th do. 250 do from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.
1st do. 25th do 500 do from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive
1st do 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.
1st do. 40th do. 1000
1st do. 45th do. 25,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

☞ The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 500 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

TICKETS for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

☞ Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of *A*, the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle *A* to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

JEWELRY.

THE subscriber has just received and offers for sale at his store (corner of Fairfax and Prince streets) a small invoice of Jewelry, consisting of Ladies' Ear-Rings, Bracelets, Necklaces, &c. of new and elegant patterns. Also, a general assortment of Silver Ware, as usual, all of which will be sold very cheap.

John Gaither.

N. B. All kinds of Hair-Work executed in the neatest manner at the shortest notice.

March 29. eo2w

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from *William Gore* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a sum of money to *Daniel Each*, will be exposed to sale, for ready money, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of April next, upon the premises, a piece of GROUND, lying upon the north side of King-street and to the eastward of Patrick-street, in the town of Alexandria, extending 23 feet 6 inches upon King street, and running back 100 feet to a 12 feet alley. Upon the ground is erected a three story brick dwelling house. The ground is subject to an annual rent of seventy dollars fifty cents.

James Keith.

March 27. 3aws